GRI Content INDEX

UNIVERSAL STAND	ARDS	
Section	GRI Content	GRI Description/Content
GRI 1: FOUNDATION 2		
Guide to application of		nroughout the report
GRI 2: GENERAL DISC	LOSURES 2021	
	2-1	Organizational details
The organization	2-2	Entities included in the organization's sustainability reporting
and its reporting	2-3	Reporting period, frequency and contact point
practices	2-4	Restatements of information
	2-5	External assurance
	2-6	Activities, value chain and other business relationships
Activities and workers	2-7	 Employees a. report the total number of employees, and a breakdown of this total by gender and by region; b. report the total number of: permanent employees, and a breakdown by gender and by region; temporary employees, and a breakdown by gender and by region; non-guaranteed hours employees, and a breakdown by gender and by region; full-time employees, and a breakdown by gender and by region; part-time employees, and a breakdown by gender and by region; describe the methodologies and assumptions used to compile the data, including whether the numbers are reported: in head count, full-time equivalent (FTE), or using another methodology; at the end of the reporting period, as an average across the reporting period, or using another methodology; report contextual information necessary to understand the data reported under 2-7-a and 2-7-b; e. describe significant fluctuations in the number of employees during the reporting periods.
	2-8	Workers who are not employees
	2-9	Governance structure and composition
	2-10	Nomination and selection of the highest governance body
	2-11	Chair of the highest governance body
	2-12	Role of the highest governance body in overseeing the management of impacts
	2-13	Delegation of responsibility for managing impacts
	2-14	Role of the highest governance body in sustainability reporting
Governance	2-15	Conflicts of interest
	2-16	Communication of critical concerns
	2-17	Collective knowledge of the highest governance body
	2-18	Evaluation of the performance of the highest governance body
	2-19	Remuneration policies
	2-20	Process to determine remuneration
	2-21	Annual compensation ratio
	2-22	Statement on sustainable development strategy
	2-23	Policy commitments
	2-24	Embedding policy commitments
Strategy, policies	2-25	Processes to remediate negative impacts
and practices	2-26	Mechanisms for seeking advice and raising concerns
	2-27	Compliance with laws and regulations
	2-28	Membership in associations
Stakeholder	2-29	Approach to stakeholder engagement
engagement	2-30	Collective bargaining agreements
GRI 3: MATERIAL TOPI		
	3-1	Process to determine material topics
	3-2	List of material topics
	3-3	Management of material topics
	5.5	

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6 7 41, 171 6, 41 106-109 7, 31, 69

Corresponds to content independently assured by PwC

Reason for omission/Response detail/Assurance				

a., b. (i, ii, iv, v): Because we operate multiple business units, we do not have a standardized set of data broken down by region.

b. iii.: There are no employees with non-guaranteed hours; because we operate multiple business units, we do not have a standardized set of data broken down by region.

c.i. The Saratoga methodology focuses on benchmarking and analyzing human capital metrics within organizations. This methodology provides information on productivity, cost, and personnel effectiveness by analyzing HR and personnel data. It involves collecting and analyzing a wide range of HR metrics to measure and compare organizational performance in terms of their people-related practices and outcomes. c.ii. Averages are used for all months in this report.

c, d, e. Averages of population for all months are used in this report; headcount fluctuates based on operational needs.

e. Figures for permanent and temporary contracts corresponding to the year 2022 were restated as a result of adjustments in the filters applied to contract type categories.

Not available; content under development for future reports.	NA
	29, 39
	29
	29, 39
	29, 34
	29, 34
	16-18, 41
	29, 31, 39
Confidential due to internal company guidelines	34-38
	29
	29-31
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Confidential due to internal company guidelines	NA
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Reported	68
Reported	44, 68
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GRI Content INDEX

GRI CONTENT BY MATERIAL TOPIC – SPECIFIC INDUSTRY AND TOPIC STANDARDS

То	pic	GRI Standard	GRI Content	GRI Content Title
		GRI 3: Material topics 2021	GRI 3-3	Management of material topics
		GRI 308: Environmental screening of suppliers 2015	308-1	New suppliers that were screened using environ- mental criteria
Su	pply chain and		308-2	Negative environmental impacts in the supply chain and actions taken
	sponsible sourcing	GRI 414: Supplier social	414-1	New suppliers that were screened using social criteria
			414-2	Negative social impacts in the supply chain and actions taken
F .	F	GRI 3: Material topics 2021	GRI 3-3	Management of material topics
	commerce and bersecurity	GRI 418: Customer Privacy 2016	418-1	Substantiated complaints concerning breaches of customer privacy and losses of customer data
		GRI 3: Material topics 2021	GRI 3-3	Management of material topics



Diversity of governance bodies and employees



Diversity and inclusion



Ratio of basic salary and remuneration of women to men

GRI 406: Non-discrimination 2016



Incidents of discrimination and corrective actions taken

Education and Human Capital Development

GRI 3: Material topics 2021

GRI 3-3 Management of material topics

Reason for omission P	Page
3	31-32
Not available; content under development for N future reports.	NA
3	31-32
Not available; content under development for N future reports.	NA
3	31
3	33
3	33, 68
	22, 27, 67
	22, 27, 59
ge of employees per employee category in each owing diversity categories: er; roup: under 30 years old, 30-50 years old, over ars old; indicators of diversity where relevant (such as ity or vulnerable groups).	
a. Reported.	
tion used for 'significant locations of operation' graphical distribution of the properties operated	27, 59
by our various brands.	
period. bi., bii. y biii. Reported. bi., bii. y biii. Reported. b. iv. Not available: content under development for future reports.	27, 67

Торіс	GRI Standard	GRI Content	GRI Content Title
		403-1	Occupational health and safety management system
		403-2	Hazard identification, risk assessment, and inci- dent investigation
		403-3	Occupational health services
		403-4	Worker participation, consultation, and communi- cation on occupational health and safety
		403-5	Worker training on occupational health and safety
		403-6	Promotion of worker health
		403-7	Prevention and mitigation of occupational health and safety impacts directly linked by business relationships
		403-8	Workers covered by an occupational health and safety management system

MATERIAL

Education and Human Capital Development

GRI 403: Occupational Health and Safety 2018

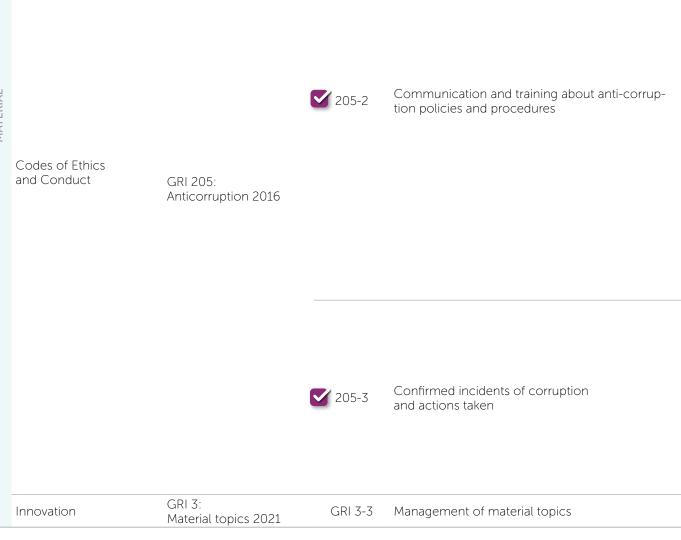
403-9 Work-related injuries

Content	Reason for omission	Page
		26, 65
		26, 65
		26-28
		26-28
		26-28
		26-28
		26-28

26_28
20-20

a.	 For all employees: i. The number and rate of fatalities as a result of work-related injury; ii. The number and rate of high-consequence work-related injuries (excluding fatalities); iii. The number and rate of recordable work-related injuries; iv. The main types of work-related injury; v. The number of hours worked. 	 a.i. Reported. a.ii. and a.iv.: Information not available; content under development for future reports. a.iii. Reported: 2763 injuries and a rate of 14.99 for the period 2023. a.v. Reported: 184,309,517. b.ii, iii, iv, and v: Information not available; con- tent under development for future reports. 	26, 65
	 For all workers who are not employees but whose work and/or workplace is controlled by the organization: i. The number and rate of fatalities as a result of work- related injury; ii. The number and rate of high-consequence work- related injuries (excluding fatalities); iii. The number and rate of recordable work-related injuries; iv. The main types of work-related injury; v. The number of hours worked. 	 c. Not reported. d. Not reported. e. Reported: based on 1,000,000 work hours. f. Reported: we have not excluded any workers from the measurement of indicator 403-9. g. Reported: the information was extracted from existing platforms for human capital data. 	
d.	 consequence injury, including: i. How these hazards have been determined; ii. Which of these hazards have caused or contributed to high-consequence injuries during the reporting period; iii. Actions taken or underway to eliminate these hazards and minimize risks using the hierarchy of controls. 		
e.	Whether the rates have been calculated based on 200,000 or 1,000,000 hours worked.		
f.	Whether and, if so, why any workers have been excluded from this disclosure, including the types of worker excluded.		
g.	Any contextual information necessary to understand how the data have been compiled, such as any standards, methodologies, and assumptions used.		

	Торіс	GRI Standard	GRI Content	GRI Content Title
		GRI 403: Occupational Health and Safety 2018	403-10	Work-related ill health
	Education and	GRI 404: Training and education 2016	404-1	Average hours of training per year per employee
	Human Capital Development		404-2	Programs for upgrading employee skills and tran- sition assistance programs
			404-3	Percentage of employees receiving regular per- formance and career development reviews
		GRI 3: Material topics 2021	GRI 3-3	Management of material topics
			205-1	Operations evaluated for corruption-related risks



Co	ontent	Reason for omission	Page
		Information not available; content under devel- opment for future reports.	NA
			23, 64
			23
a.	Percentage of total employees by gender and by em- ployee category who received a regular performance and career development review during the reporting period.	a. Reported, by methodology Not available: breakdown of data by gender and employee category	23, 64
			31
			31
	Total number and percentage of governance body mem- bers that the organization's anti- corruption policies and procedures have been communicated to, broken down by region.	a, b, d. Not available: content under develop- ment for future reports. Because we operate numerous business units distributed through- out all of Mexico, there are no variations in this indicator by region.	31, 6
D.	Total number and percentage of employees that the organization's anti-corruption policies and procedures have been communicated to, broken down by employee category and region.	c. Partially reported. The total number and specification of partner type will be included in future reports. Because we operate numer- ous business units distributed throughout all of	
C.	Total number and percentage of business partners that the organization's anti- corruption policies and proce- dures have been communicated to, broken down by type of business partner and region. Describe if the organiza- tion's anti-corruption policies and procedures have been	Mexico, we do not have a standardized break- down by region.e. Partially reported. This year, only the number of employees trained in anti-corruption is re-	
d.	communicated to any other persons or organizations. Total number and percentage of governance body mem- bers that have received training on anti-corruption, broken down by region.	ported because the ethics training program was restructured to offer the content more efficient- ly. The target population focused on employees who had not yet completed the ethics training program in 2022, so the percentage of the workforce is not representative.	
e.	Total number and percentage of employees that have received training on anti- corruption, broken down by employee category and region.	Specification of job category will be included in future reports. Because we operate numer- ous business units distributed throughout all of Mexico, we do not have a standardized break- down by region.	
	Total number and nature of confirmed incidents of corruption.	a. Partially reported. As this involves sensitive in- formation, we are unable to disclose the nature of confirmed corruption cases.	
b.	Total number of confirmed incidents in which employees were dismissed or disciplined for corruption.	b. Reported.	
C.	Total number of confirmed incidents when contracts with business partners were terminated or not renewed due to violations related to corruption.	c and d. Confidential information: As this in- volves sensitive information, we are unable to disclose this information.	67, 68
d.	Public legal cases regarding corruption brought against the organization or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of such cases.		
			32

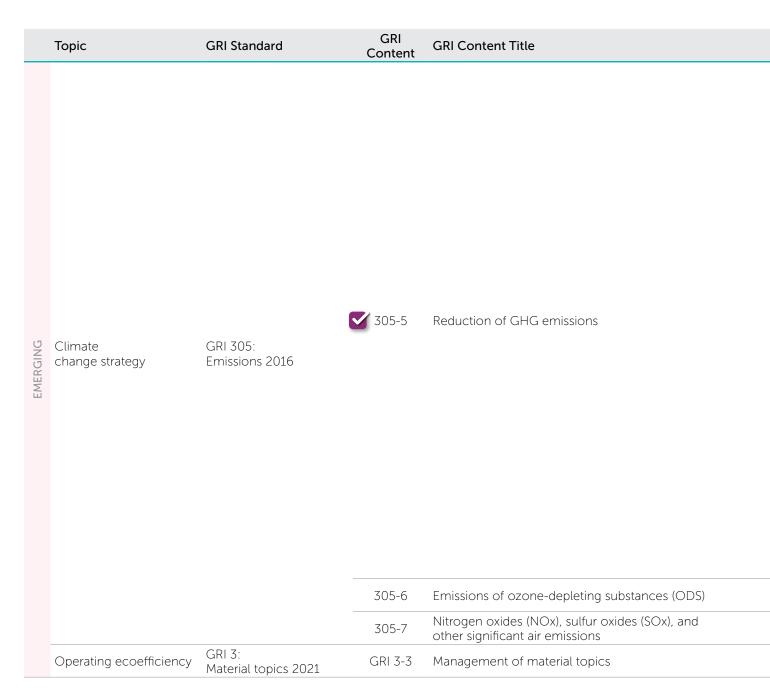
			GRI	
	Торіс	GRI Standard	Content	GRI Content Title
	Corporate governance	GRI 3: Material topics 2021	GRI 3-3	Management of material topics
		GRI 3: Material topics 2021	GRI 3-3	Management of material topics
EMERGING				
EMER	Climate change strategy	GRI 305:	305-1	Direct (Scope 1) GHG emissions.
		Emissions 2016	0001	

Co	ontent	Reason for omission	Page
			31
			20, 21
a.	Gross direct (Scope 1) GHG emissions in metric tons of CO2 equivalent.	a. Reported.	20, 55
	Gases included in the calculation; whether CO2 , CH4 , N2O, HFCs, PFCs, SF6 , NF3 , or all.	b. The greenhouse gases (GHGs) considered in this calculation are: carbon dioxide (CO ₂), nitrous oxide (N ₂ O), and methane (CH ₄), as well as those resulting from refrigerants supplied at	
C.	Biogenic CO ₂ emissions in metric tons of CO ₂ equivalent.	EPL facilities.	
d.	Base year for the calculation, if applicable, including: i. the rationale for choosing it; ii. emissions in the base year;	c. Not applicable: not generated as part of the operation of El Puerto de Liverpool.	
	 iii. the context for any significant changes in emissions that triggered recalculations of base year emissions. 	d i, ii. The comparable period for Scope 1 GHG emissions is the previous year, 2022, which allows for traceable and comparable monitor-	
e.	Source of the emission factors and the global warming potential (GWP) rates used, or a reference to the GWP source.	ing or the organization's environmental perfor- mance. d iii. Not applicable: there were no changes in	
f.	Consolidation approach for emissions; whether equity	the calculation of emissions in the base year.	
	share, financial control, or operational control. Standards, methodologies, assumptions, and/or calcula- tion tools used.	e, f, and g. The greenhouse gas (GHG) emis- sions from the activities of El Puerto de Liverpool in 2023 were calculated using the methodology proposed by the GHG Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Stan- dards, and the specifications of Mexico's Regu- lation on the General Law on Climate Change with regard to the National Emissions Registry; and considering the heating values published in 2023 by CONUEE and the Global Warming Potentials defined by the IPCC. The emission factors used to calculate Scope 2 emissions were established in 2023 according to the General Law on Climate Change and the En- ergy Transition Law, for each of our electrical energy suppliers.	
		For the 2023 reporting period, there was a change in the methodology for calculating atmospheric emissions produced at EPL from the one used in the previous year. The emission factors used correspond to those of 2022, published in 2023; this is because the emission factors for 2023 are published in March and the report was published at the beginning of that month.	

The calculation uses an operational approach.



Co	ontent	Reason for omission	Page
a.	Gross location-based energy indirect (Scope 2) GHG emissions in metric tons of CO2 equivalent.	a. and b. Not applicable: the methodology used for the energy calculation is established in the Regulation on the General Law on Climate	20, 55
b.	If applicable, gross market-based energy indirect (Scope 2) GHG emissions in metric tons of CO ₂ equivalent.	Change with regard to the National Emissions Registry.	
C.	If available, the gases included in the calculation; whether CO2 , CH4 , N2O, HFCs, PFCs, SF6 , NF3 , or all.	c. The greenhouse gases (GHGs) considered in this calculation are: carbon dioxide (CO2), nitrous oxide (N2O), methane (CH4), and those	
d.	Base year for the calculation, if applicable, including: i. the rationale for choosing it; ii. emissions in the base year;	resulting from refrigerants supplied at EPL facilities.	
	iii. the context for any significant changes in emissions that triggered recalculations of base year emissions.	di, dii. The comparable period for Scope 1 GHG emissions is the previous year, 2022, which allows for traceable and comparable	
e.	Source of the emission factors and the global warming potential (GWP) rates used, or a reference to the GWP source.	monitoring or the organization's environmen- tal performance. diii. Not applicable: there were no changes in the calculation of emissions in the base year.	
f.	Consolidation approach for emissions; whether equity share, financial control, or operational control.	e, f, and g. Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions	
g.	Standards, methodologies, assumptions, and/or calcula- tion tools used.	for 2023 resulting from the activities of El Puerto de Liverpool were calculated using the methodology proposed in the Regulation on the General Law on Climate Change with regard to the National Emissions Registry; and considering the heating values published in 2023 by CONUEE and the Global Warming Potentials defined by the IPCC. The emission factors used to calculate Scope 2 emissions were established in 2023 according to the Gen- eral Law on Climate Change and the Energy Transition Law, for each of our electrical energy suppliers. For the 2023 reporting period, the method- ology for calculating atmospheric emissions produced at EPL was different from the one used in the previous year. The emission factors used correspond to those of 2022, published in	
		2023; this is because the emission factors for 2023 are published in March and the report was published at the beginning of that month.	
		The calculation considers an operational approach.	
a.	GHG emissions intensity ratio for the organization.	a. Reported.	20, 55
	Organization-specific metric (the denominator) chosen to calculate the ratio.	b. The denominator in the indicators by revenue is expressed in thousands of pesos (MXN000) based on Net Constructed Area (NCA).	
C.	Types of GHG emissions included in the intensity ratio; whether direct (Scope 1), energy indirect (Scope 2), and/or other indirect (Scope 3).	c. Includes Scope 1 and 2 emissions.	
d.	Gases included in the calculation; whether CO ₂ , CH ₄ , N ₂ O, HFCs, PFCs, SF ₆ , NF ₃ , or all.	d. Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions data are presented in CO2e units and include the fol- lowing gases: carbon dioxide (CO2), methane (CH4), and nitrous oxide (N2O).	



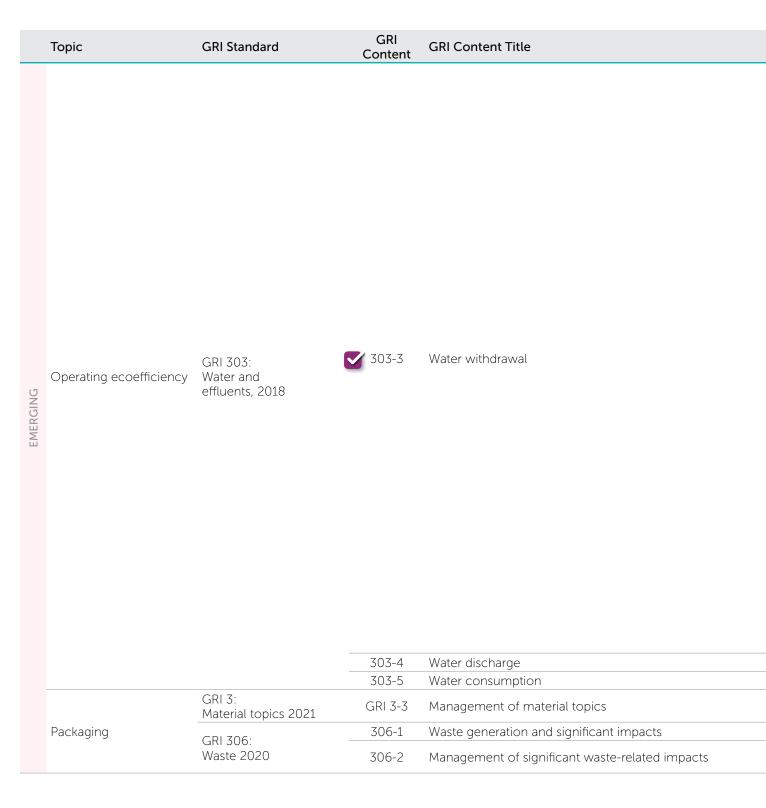
Content	Reason for omission	Page
a. GHG emissions reduced as a direct result of reduction initiatives, in metric tons of CO2 equivalent.	a. The reported data corresponds to total emissions, not exclusively the reduction obtained through conservation and efficiency	20, 55
b. Gases included in the calculation; whether CO₂, CH₄, N₂O, HFCs, PFCs, SF₆, NF₃, or all.	initiatives developed by EPL during 2023.	
c. Base year or baseline, including the rationale for choosing it.	b. Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions data are presented in CO ₂ e units and include the fol- lowing gases: carbon dioxide (CO ₂), methane (CH ₄), and nitrous oxide (N ₂ O).	
 d. Scopes in which reductions took place; whether direct (Scope 1), energy indirect (Scope 2), and/or other indirect (Scope 3). e. Standards, methodologies, assumptions, and/or calculation tools used. 	c. The comparable period for Scope 1 GHG emissions is the previous year, 2022, which allows for traceable and comparable mon- itoring or the organization's environmental performance.	
	d. Includes Scope 1 and 2 emissions.	
	e. Reported: The reduction calculation was based on obtaining the percentage change from the year 2022. Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions for 2023 resulting from the activities of El Puerto de Liverpool were calculated us- ing the methodology proposed in the Regula- tion on the General Law on Climate Change with regard to the National Emissions Registry; and considering the heating values published in 2023 by CONUEE and the Global Warming Potentials defined by the IPCC.	
	The emission factors used to calculate Scope 2 emissions were established in 2023 accord- ing to the General Law on Climate Change and the Energy Transition Law, for each of our electrical energy suppliers.	
	Information not available; content under devel- opment for future reports.	NA
	Information not available; content under devel- opment for future reports.	NA
		20

	Торіс	GRI Standard	GRI Content	GRI Content Title
EMERGING	Operating ecoefficiency	GRI 302: Energy 2016	302-1	Energy consumption within the organization
			302-2	Energy consumption outside of the organization
			302-3	Energy intensity

C	ontent	Reason for omission	Page
a.	Total fuel consumption within the organization from non-renewable sources, in joules or multiples, and includ- ing fuel types used.	a. Reported. b. Reported. We do not consume renewable fuel sources (e.g., biofuels).	20, 53
b.	Total fuel consumption within the organization from re- newable sources, in joules or multiples, and including fuel types used.	ci. Reported. cii, civ. Not applicable: we do not consume heating or steam.	
C.	In joules, watt-hours or multiples, the total: i. electricity consumption ii. heating consumption	ciii. Cooling consumption is reported under generation of Scope 1 emissions.	
	iii. cooling consumption iv. steam consumption	d. Not applicable: Liverpool does not sell elec- tricity, heating, cooling, or steam.	
d.	In joules, watt-hours or multiples, the total: i. electricity sold	e. Reported.	
	ii. heating sold iii. cooling sold iv. steam sold	f. and g. Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions for 2023 resulting from the activities of El Puerto de Liverpool were calculated using the meth- odology proposed in the Regulation on the	
e.	Total energy consumption within the organization, in joules or multiples.	General Law on Climate Change with regard to the National Emissions Registry; and con- sidering the heating values published in 2023	
f.	Standards, methodologies, assumptions, and/or calcula- tion tools used.	by CONUEE and the Emission Factor of the National Electric System for the 2022 reporting period (CRE). Estimates applicable to the 2023	
g.	Source of the conversion factors used.	period vere made under the assumptions of the internal guide <u>"Estimation of Environmen-</u> <u>tal Footprint Data"</u> established by EPL available on the company's <u>sustainability website.</u>	
		Not applicable; most of the portfolio of goods sold does not require the use of energy.	NA
a.	Energy intensity ratio for the organization.	a. Reported.	
b.	Organization-specific metric (the denominator) chosen to calculate the ratio.	b. The denominators selected to calculate the ratio are income in thousands of Mexican pesos (000MXN) and square meters of net construct-	
C.	Types of energy included in the intensity ratio; whether fuel, electricity, heating, cooling, steam, or all.	ed area (NCA).	20, 53-54
d.	Whether the ratio uses energy consumption within the organization, outside of it, or both.	c. Reported: Intensity ratio is calculated based on fuel and electricity used.	
		d. Covers all energy consumption within the Organization.	

	Торіс	GRI Standard	GRI Content	GRI Content Title
EMERGING	Operating ecoefficiency	GRI 302: Energy 2016	302-4	Reduction of energy consumption
			302-5	Reductions in energy requirements of products and services
		GRI 303:	303-1	Interaction with water as a shared resource
		Water and effluents, 2018	303-2	Management of impacts relating to water discharge

Content	Reason for omission	Page
 Amount of reduction in energy consumption achieved as a direct result of conservation and efficiency initiatives, in joules or multiples. 	a. Reported: Year-over-year evolution of elec- tricity and fuel consumption refers to the re- duction of energy consumption as required by the standard. The reported data corresponds to	20, 53-54
b. Types of energy included in the reductions; whether fuel, electricity, heating, cooling, steam, or all.	the change in EPL's energy consumption, not exclusively to the reduction obtained through the conservation and efficiency initiatives that EPL developed during 2023. b. Includes fuel and electricity.	
 Basis for calculating reductions in energy consumption, such as base year or baseline, including the rationale for choosing it. 		20,
d. Standards, methodologies, assumptions, and/or calcula- tion tools used.	c. Reported: The comparable period for Scope 1 GHG emissions is the previous year, 2022, which allows for traceable and comparable monitoring or the organization's environmental performance.	
	d. The methodology involves calculating the percentage difference between total electricity consumed in 2023 and 2022. Energy con- sumption in GJ for the 2023 period resulting from the activities of El Puerto de Liverpool was calculated using the methodology proposed by the Regulation of the General Law of Climate Change with regard to Mexico's National Emis- sions Registry.	
	For fuel consumption, the energy equivalenc- es of the heating values published in 2023 by CONUEE were considered, and for electricity, the Emission Factor of the National Electric System 2022 issued by the CRE was used. Estimates applicable to the 2023 period were made under the assumptions of the internal guide "Estimation of Environmental Footprint Data" established by EPL and located on the company's sustainability website.	
	Not applicable; most of the portfolio of goods sold does not require the use of energy.	NA
		21
		21

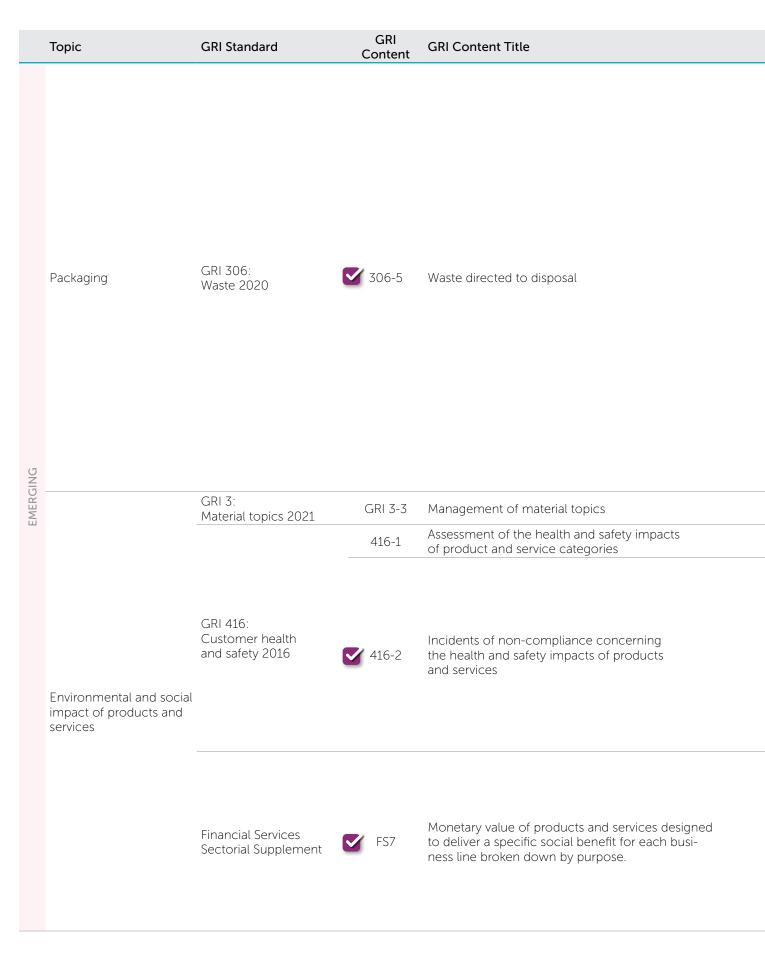


Content	Reason for omission	Page
 a. Total water withdrawal from all areas in megaliters, and a breakdown of this total by the following sources, if applicable: i. Surface water; ii. Groundwater; 	a.i., a.ii., and a.v. Reported. a.iii. and a.iv. At El Puerto de Liverpool, we do not consume seawater or produced water, including from third parties.	21, 58
iii. Seawater; iv. Produced water; v. Third-party water.	b. In 2023, El Puerto de Liverpool withdrew a total of 2,122.1 megaliters of water from areas with some degree of water stress, according to the AQUEDUCT Water Risk Atlas. The distribu-	
 b. Total water withdrawal from all areas with water stress in megaliters, and a breakdown of this total by the following sources, if applicable: i. Surface water; ii. Groundwater; 	tion of water withdrawals ranged from 18.07% in areas with low water stress to 20.13% in areas with high stress and 54.07% in areas of extreme- ly high water stress, relative to the total volume withdrawn. General strategies and actions to	
iii. Seawater;iv. Produced water;v. Third-party water, and a breakdown of this total by the withdrawal sources listed in i-iv.	address these types of risks are detailed in the corresponding TCFD analysis for the year 2022. c. Not available: We do not have a breakdown of water withdrawn by freshwater sources or	
 A breakdown of total water withdrawal from each of the sources listed in Disclosures 303-3-a and 303-3-b in 	other waters.	
megaliters by the following categories: i. Freshwater (≤1,000 mg/L Total Dissolved Solids); ii. Other water (>1,000 mg/L Total Dissolved Solids).	d. Reported: Monthly, each location reports its water consumption from various sources used, such as municipal water, tankers, well water, etc. This information is collected and validated	
d. Any contextual information necessary to understand how the data have been compiled, such as any standards, methodologies, and assumptions used. When compiling the information specified in Disclosure 303-3, the report- ing organization shall use publicly available and credible tools and methodologies for assessing water stress in an area.	based on evidence that is ultimately consoli- dated into monthly, quarterly, and annual water consumption indicators by location, business segment, and company-wide level. This year, estimations were made for the consumption corresponding to December 2023 and for unmetered locations in the months of January to November 2023. Estimates applicable to the 2023 period were made under the as- sumptions of the internal guide <u>"Estimation of Environmental Footprint Data"</u> established by EPL located on the company's <u>sustainability</u> <u>website</u> . Water stress data were obtained using	
	the Aqueduct tool from the World Resources Institute (WRI) Water Risk Atlas.	

	21, 58
(see footnote)	58
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	20, 57
	20, 31, 57
	(see footnote)

	Торіс	GRI Standard	GRI Content	GRI Content Title
			306-3	Waste generated
EMERGING	Packaging	GRI 306: Waste 2020	₹ 306-4	Waste diverted from disposal

Co	ontent	Reason for omission	Page
a.	Total weight of waste generated in metric tons, and a breakdown of this total by composition of the waste. Contextual information necessary to understand the data and how the data has been compiled.	 a. Reported. b. Personnel responsible for data collection in each business unit measure the separation and segregation of waste by type, weighing the waste generated each day using a digital or Roman-type scale. Once weighed, the data is recorded in a physical/digital log. Collections are scheduled with authorized providers who are responsible for handling and final disposal; and monthly, the maintenance manager uploads the total amount generated to the environmental log along with the corresponding evidence (log, manifest, or collection certificate). Regarding the total weight of biodigesters (non-hazardous waste directed to disposal), the data corresponds to the waste resulting from the anaerobic digestion process. Estimates 	20, 57
		applicable to the 2023 period were made under the assumptions of the internal guide <u>"Estimation of Environmental Footprint Data"</u> established by EPL located on the company's <u>sustainability website</u> .	
a.	Total weight of waste diverted from disposal in metric tons, and a breakdown of this total by composition of the waste.	a. Reported: The total amount of waste classified as directed to disposal is 11,544.62 metric tons.	20, 57
b.	Total weight of hazardous waste diverted from disposal in metric tons, and a breakdown of this total by the follow- ing recovery operations: i. Preparation for reuse; ii. Recycling; iii. Other recovery operations.	 b. All hazardous waste generated at El Puerto de Liverpool is directed to disposal. c. Not within PwC assurance scope. The environmental area of EPL does not provide a breakdown of the monetization of non-hazard- ous waste diverted from disposal. Therefore, the information currently available to EPL is 	
C.	Total weight of non-hazardous waste diverted from dis- posal in metric tons, and a breakdown of this total by the following recovery operations: i. Preparation for reuse; ii. Recycling; iii. Other recovery operations.	considered an omission due to incomplete information. d. Not available: Content under development for future reports. Not within PwC assurance scope.	
d.	For each recovery operation listed in Disclosures 306-4-b and 306-4-c, a breakdown of the total weight in metric tons of hazardous waste and of non-hazardous waste diverted from disposal: i. Onsite; ii. Offsite.	e. Personnel responsible for data collection in each business unit measure the separation and segregation of waste by type. We weigh the waste generated each day using a digital or Roman-type scale. Once weighed, the data is recorded in a physical/digital log.	
e.	Contextual information necessary to understand the data and how the data has been compiled.	Collections are scheduled with authorized providers who are responsible for handling and final disposal; and monthly, the maintenance manager uploads the total amount generated to the environmental log along with the corre- sponding evidence (log, manifest, or collection certificate).	
		Estimates applicable to the 2023 period were made under the assumptions of the internal guide <u>"Estimation of Environmental Footprint</u> <u>Data"</u> established by EPL located on the com- pany's <u>sustainability website</u> .	



C	ontent	Reason for omission	Page
a.	Total weight of waste directed to disposal in metric tons, and a breakdown of this total by composition of the waste.	a. Reported: The total weight of waste classified as directed to disposal is: 27,060.29 metric tons.	
b.	Total weight of hazardous waste directed to disposal in metric tons, and a breakdown of this total by the follow-	b, c, and d: Information not available; content under development for future reports.	
	 ing disposal operations: i. Incineration (with energy recovery); ii. Incineration (without energy recovery); iii. Landfilling; iv. Other disposal operations. 	e. Personnel responsible for data collection in each business unit measure the separation and segregation of waste by type, weighing the waste generated each day using a digital or Ro- man-type scale. Once weighed, the data is re- corded in a physical/digital log. Collections are	
C.	Total weight of non-hazardous waste directed to disposal in metric tons, and a breakdown of this total by the fol- lowing disposal operations: i. Incineration (with energy recovery); ii. Incineration (without energy recovery); iii. Landfilling; iv. Other disposal operations.	scheduled with authorized providers who are responsible for handling and final disposal; and monthly, the maintenance manager uploads the total amount generated to the environmen- tal log along with the corresponding evidence (log, manifest, or collection certificate).	
d.	For each disposal operation listed in Disclosures 306-5-b and 306-5-c, a breakdown of the total weight in metric tons of hazardous waste and of non-hazardous waste directed to disposal:	Regarding the total weight of biodigesters (non-hazardous waste directed to disposal), the data corresponds to the waste resulting from the anaerobic digestion process.	
	i. Onsite; ii. Offsite.	Estimates applicable to the 2023 period were made under the assumptions of the internal guide <u>"Estimation of Environmental Footprint</u>	
e.	Contextual information necessary to understand the data and how the data has been compiled.	Data" established by EPL located on the com- pany's sustainability website.	
			31
			32
a.	Total number of incidents of non-compliance with regu- lations and/or voluntary codes concerning the health and safety impacts of products and services within the report- ing period, by: i. incidents of non-compliance with regulations resulting in a fine or penalty;	a. b. Regarding cases of non-compliance with product information and labeling, as well as marketing communications (GRI 416-2, 417-2, 417-3), we consider only those with penalties above MXN11,000,000 at the end of 2023 there were no cases that met this criterion.	

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b. If the organization has not identified any non-compliance

ii. incidents of non-compliance with regulations resulting

in a warning;

with regulations and/or voluntary codes, a brief statement of this fact is sufficient.

iii. incidents of non-compliance with voluntary codes.

Monetary value of products and services designed to offer a specific social benefit, for each business line broken down by purpose:

- 1. Purpose, product description and, where relevant, the target social group;
- 2. Monetary value (for products) or number of transactions or Customers (for services);
- 3. The proportion of this value to the total monetary value for each business line.

1 and 2. Reported.

3. Information not available; content under development for future reports.

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		Торіс	GRI Standard	GRI Content	GRI Content Title
		Environmental and social impact of products and services	Financial Services Sectorial Supplement	F S16	Initiatives to enhance financial literacy by type of beneficiary
		Employer brand	GRI 3: Material topics 2021	GRI 3-3	Management of material topics
			GRI 401: Employment 2016	401-1	New employee hires and employee turnover
EMERGING				401-2	Benefits provided to full-time employees that are not provided to temporary or part-time employees
	J			401-3	Parental leave
	AERGII		GRI 3: Material topics 2021	GRI 3-3	Management of material topics
			GRI 415: Public policy 2016	415-1	Political contributions
				417-1	Requirements for product and service information and labeling
		Transparency	GRI 417: Marketing and labeling 2016	417-2	Incidents of non-compliance concerning product and service information and labeling
				417-3	Incidents of non-compliance concerning product and service information and labeling

Cor	ntent	Reason for omission	Page
2.1	Consider financial literacy initiatives to educate Cus- tomers and other groups or communities on financial planning and management.	2.1 Reported. 2.2 and 2.3. Reported. The financial literacy ini- tiatives we develop provide information on the way Customers without a prior credit history handle credit, and to teach them about the characteristics, benefit and responsible use of their card.	
2.2	Consider the primary target group for each initiative. This may be defined in terms of demographic charac- teristics (e.g., youth groups, low-income individuals, immigrants, employees) or other criteria.		66
2.3	Report the following information for each initiative to enhance financial literacy:		00
	- Goals of the initiative, including subject areas targeted;		
	- Main activities related to the initiative; and		
	- Target group/beneficiary.		
			23
	Total number and rate of new employee hires during the reporting period, by age group, gender and region.	a. b. Because we operate multiple business units, we do not have a consistent breakdown by region or age group	59
	Total number and rate of employee turnover during the reporting period, by age group, gender and region.		
			26, 61
		Information not available; content under devel- opment for future reports.	NA
			31
			NA
			32
i i	 Total number of incidents of non-compliance with regulations and/or voluntary codes concerning product and service information and labeling, by: i. incidents of non-compliance with regulations resulting in a fine or penalty; ii. incidents of non-compliance with regulations resulting in a warning; iii. incidents of non-compliance with voluntary codes. 	a. i, ii, iii and b. Regarding cases of non-compli- ance with product information and labeling, as well as marketing communications (GRI 416-2, 417-2, 417-3), we consider only those with pen- alties above MXN11,000,000 at the end of 2023 there were no cases that met this criterion.	67
`	If the organization has not identified any non-compliance with regulations and/or voluntary codes, a brief statement of this fact is sufficient.		
i	 Total number of incidents of non-compliance with regulations and/or voluntary codes concerning marketing communications, including advertising, promotion, and sponsorship, by: i. incidents of non-compliance with regulations resulting in a fine or penalty; ii. incidents of non-compliance with regulations resulting in a warning; iii. incidents of non-compliance with voluntary codes. 	a. i,ii,iii, and b. Regarding cases of non-compli- ance with product information and labeling, as well as marketing communications (GRI 416-2, 417-2, 417-3), we consider only those with pen- alties above MXN11,000,000 at the end of 2023 there were no cases that met this criterion.	67
1	If the organization has not identified any non-compliance with regulations and/or voluntary codes, a brief statement of this fact is sufficient.		